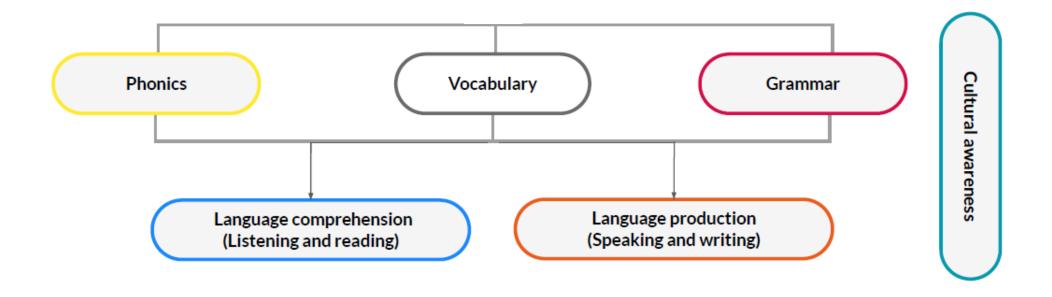
Angram Bank's Big Bus Curriculum Modern Foreign Languages





Modern Foreign Language

Our intention focusses on instilling a love of language learning and an awareness of other cultures. We want pupils to develop the confidence to communicate in Spanish for practical purposes, using both written and spoken Spanish. It should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures and vocabulary.

The MFL curriculum is implemented through regularly taught lessons in KS2 from the Kapow scheme of learning which are designed to develop children's knowledge, skills and understanding. Children will progressively acquire, use and apply a growing bank of vocabulary organised around topics. The impact of our languages curriculum is that pupils should leave school equipped with a range of language-learning skills to enable them to study Spanish, or any other language, with confidence at Key stage 3.

Design and Planning Non-Negotiables

- We follow Kapow which covers all National Curriculum statements
- Progression framework includes skills, knowledge and concepts children should know by the end of each year group
- The progression framework identifies endpoints for each year group
- Key concepts and vocabulary are identified and taught throughout the teaching sequence

At the session planning stage:

- Previous learning and vocabulary is revisited throughout the sequence
- We annotate the planning to adapt to the needs of our children



Angram Bank's Modern Foreign Languages Concepts

Every child will become confident with the key concepts in MFL. Each concept will be further developed in each year group at the appropriate depth. These concepts will be shown in **bold** throughout the document.

Green = new to that year group

Year 3	communication fluency
Year 4	communication fluency pronunciation intonation

	communication	
Year 5	fluency	
	pronunciation	
Year 6	intonation	
	spontaneity	
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Language - National Curriculum

Purpose of study

Learning a foreign language is a liberation from insularity and provides an opening to other cultures. A high-quality languages education should foster pupils' curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world. The teaching should enable pupils to express their ideas and thoughts in another language and to understand and respond to its speakers, both in speech and in writing. It should also provide opportunities for them to communicate for practical purposes, learn new ways of thinking and read great literature in the original language. Language teaching should provide the foundation for learning further languages, equipping pupils to study and work in other countries.

<u>Aims</u>

The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:

- understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources
- speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation
- can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt
- discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.

Key Stage Two

Teaching may be of any modern or ancient foreign language and should focus on enabling pupils to make substantial progress in one language. The teaching should provide an appropriate balance of spoken and written language and should lay the foundations for further foreign language teaching at key stage 3. It should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures and vocabulary.

The focus of study in modern languages will be on practical communication. If an ancient language is chosen the focus will be to provide a linguistic foundation for reading comprehension and an appreciation of classical civilisation. Pupils studying ancient languages may take part in simple oral exchanges, while discussion of what they read will be conducted in English. A linguistic foundation in ancient languages may support the study of modern languages at key stage 3.

Pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*
- present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*
- read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly
- describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing
- understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

The starred (*) content above will not be applicable to ancient languages.

MFL Curriculum Map - Spanish

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 3	Spanish greetings with puppets (L1,2,4) Spanish numbers and ages	Shapes and colours in Spanish	Classroom objects in Spanish
Year 4	Dates in Spanish	Journey around Latin America	Pets in Spanish
Year 5	Catch up unit 1 and 2	Pets in Spanish	Spanish celebrations
Year 6	Catch up unit 1 In a Spanish cafe	Catch up unit 2	Spanish portraits